## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A composition for inhibiting carcinogenesis and metastasis, comprising a therapeutically effective amount of an Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix mixed extract.
- The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of Astragalus radix:Codonopsis pilosulae radix in the mixed extract is from 3:1 to 1:3.
  - 3. The composition according to Claim 1, wherein Astragalus radix is Astragalus mogholicus or Astragalus membranaceus radix.
- 4. The composition according to Claim 1, wherein Codonopsis pilosulae radix is *Codonopsis pilola* (Franch.) Nannf, *Codonopsis tangshen* Oliv.. or *Codonopsis pilola* (Franch.) var. modesta (Nannf.) L. T. Shen radix.
  - 5. The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition is for inhibiting carcinogenesis and metastasis of colon cancer, lung carcinoma or mammary adenocarcinoma.
    - 6. The composition according to Claim 1, which is in the form of tablet, capsule, solution, tonic, or food.
- 7. A method of producing the Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix mixed extract according to Claim 1, comprising (A) coextracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix with water.
  - 8. The method according to Claim 7, wherein the weight ratio of Astragalus radix:Codonopsis pilosulae radix is from 3:1 to 1:3.
- 9. The method according to Claim 7, wherein the method comprises:
  - (A11) co-extracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis

pilosulae radix with water at a temperature of from 45 to 95 °C to separate a water-insoluble fraction from a water-soluble fraction; and

- (A12) concentrating the water-soluble fraction at a temperature of from 40 to 80  $^{\circ}$ C and at a pressure of from 0 to 100 mmHg.
- 10. A method of producing the Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix mixed extract according to Claim 1, comprising (B) coextracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix with water and ethanol.

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- 10 11. The method according to Claim 10, wherein the weight ratio of Astragalus radix:Codonopsis pilosulae radix is from 3:1 to 1:3.
  - 12. The method according to Claim 10, wherein the method comprises:
    - (B1) co-extracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix with 90 to 99 % ethanol to separate an ethanol-insoluble fraction from an ethanol-soluble fraction;
    - (B2) extracting the ethanol-insoluble fraction from step (B1) with water at a temperature of from 45 to 95 °C and obtaining a water-soluble fraction; and
    - (B3) combining the ethanol-soluble fraction from step (B1) and the water-soluble fraction from step (B2) and concentrating at a temperature of from 40 to 80 °C and at a pressure of from 0 to 100 mmHg.
    - 13. The method according to Claim 7, comprising:
- 25 (A21) extracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix with water, respectively, to separate a water-insoluble fraction

from a water-soluble fraction;

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- (A22) ultra-filtrating the water-soluble fraction from step (A21) with an ultrafilter having a 5 to 10 kD molecular weight cutoff;
  - (A23) concentrating the filtrates from step (A22); and
- (A24) combining and mixing filtrates of Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix from step (A23) to yield the Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix mixed extract.
  - 14. The method according to Claim 13, wherein the weight ratio of Astragalus radix:Codonopsis pilosulae radix of step (A21) is from 3:1 to 1:3.
  - 15. The method according to Claim 13, wherein extracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix with water in step (A21) is performed at a temperature of from 45 to 95 °C.
  - 16. The method according to Claim 13, wherein ultra-filtrating the water-soluble fraction of Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix in step (A22) is with an ultrafilter having a 5 kD molecular weight cutoff and then with an ultrafilter having a 10 kD molecular weight cutoff.
  - 17. The method according to Claim 13, wherein concentrating the filtrates from step (A22) in step (A23) is performed at a temperature of from 40 to 80 °C and at a pressure of from 0 to 100 mmHg.
    - 18. The method according to Claim 7, comprising:
    - (A31) extracting Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix with water, respectively, to separate a water-insoluble fraction from a water-soluble fraction;
- (A32) concentrating the water-soluble fractions from step (A31) at a temperature of from 40 to 80 °C and at a pressure of from

0 to 100 mmHg;

- (A33) ultra-filtrating and ultra-dialying the concentrated water-soluble fraction from step (A32) with an ultrafilter having a 1 to 4000 kD molecular weight cutoff;
- (A34) mixing the filtrates from step (A33) to yield the Astragalus radix and Codonopsis pilosulae radix mixed extract.
- 19. The method according to Claim 18, wherein the weight ratio of Astragalus radix:Codonopsis pilosulae radix of step (A31) is from 3:1 to 1:3.
- 10 20. The method according to Claim 18, wherein ultra-filtrating the concentrated water-soluble fraction from step (A32) of step (A33) is performed with a hollow fiber filtration cartridge and/or a cross-flow sluice cassette.